

Using Lambdas to Write Mixins in Java 8

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Who is Heinz Kabutz?

- **Java consultant, teacher, programmer**
 - **Born in Cape Town, South Africa, now lives in Chania**
 - **Created The Java Specialists' Newsletter**
 - **www.javaspecialists.eu**
 - **One of the first Java Champions**
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Using Lambdas to Write Mixins in Java 8

Functional Interface

Java 8 Lambda Syntax

```
public void greetConcurrent() {  
    new Thread(new Runnable() {  
        public void run() { sayHello(); }  
    }).start();  
}  
  
private void sayHello() { System.out.println("Kalamari!"); }
```

Java 8 Lambda Syntax

```
public void greetConcurrent() {  
    new Thread(new Runnable() {  
        public void run() { sayHello(); }  
    }).start();  
}
```

```
private void sayHello() { System.out.println("Kalamari!"); }
```

- **With Java 8 Lambdas, we can do this**

```
public void greetConcurrent() {  
    new Thread(() -> sayHello()).start();  
}
```


Java 8 Lambda Syntax

- **In Java 7, we did this**

```
public void greetConcurrent() {  
    new Thread(new Runnable() {  
        public void run() { sayHello(); }  
    }).start();  
}
```

```
private void sayHello() { System.out.println("Kalamari!"); }
```

- **With Java 8 Lambdas, we can do this**

```
public void greetConcurrent() {  
    new Thread(() -> sayHello()).start();  
}
```

Functional Interface

- **Lambdas have to be functional interfaces**
- **Definition: *Functional Interface***
 - **Interface**
 - **Exactly one abstract method**
 - **Methods inherited from Object do not count**

Is this a Functional Interface?

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface Runnable {  
    public abstract void run();  
}
```

Yes it is!

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface Runnable {  
    public abstract void run();  
}
```

Interface with
exactly one
abstract method

Yes it is!

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface Runnable {  
    public abstract void run();  
}
```

Interface with
exactly one
abstract method

```
threadPool.submit(() -> sayHello());
```

Is this a Functional Interface?

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface ActionListener  
    extends EventListener {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e);  
}
```

We first need to look at `EventListener`

~~*@FunctionalInterface*~~

```
public interface EventListener {  
}
```

EventListener is *not* a Functional Interface

Yes it is!

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface EventListener {  
}
```

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface ActionListener  
    extends EventListener {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e);  
}
```

ActionListener
Interface has
exactly one
abstract method

Is this a Functional Interface?

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface Stringer {  
    // force class to implement toString()  
    String toString();  
}
```

No, it is not!

~~@FunctionalInterface~~

```
public interface Stringer {  
    // force class to implement toString()  
    String toString();  
}
```

Public methods
defined inside Object
do not count

Object Refresher

```
public class Object {  
    public final Class<?> getClass();  
    public int hashCode();  
    public boolean equals(Object obj);  
    protected Object clone();  
    public String toString();  
    public final void notify();  
    public final void notifyAll();  
    public final void wait(long timeout);  
    public final void wait(long timeout, int nanos);  
    public final void wait();  
    protected void finalize();  
}
```

Which methods can we override? Which would be ignored in the functional interface method count?

Which Methods Count for Functional Interface?

```
public class Object {  
    // cannot add to interface - final  
    public final Class<?> getClass();  
    public final void notify();  
    public final void notifyAll();  
    public final void wait(long timeout);  
    public final void wait(long timeout, int nanos);  
    public final void wait();  
  
    // Ignored in method count for functional interface  
    public int hashCode();  
    public boolean equals(Object obj);  
    public String toString();  
  
    // Not public - thus counts for functional interface  
    protected void finalize();  
    protected Object clone();  
}
```

Are these Functional Interfaces?

@FunctionalInterface

```
public interface Foo1 {  
    boolean equals(Object obj);  
}
```

@FunctionalInterface

```
public interface Bar1 extends Foo1 {  
    int compare(String o1, String o2);  
}
```

Foo1 is not, but Bar1 is

~~@FunctionalInterface~~

```
public interface Foo1 {  
    boolean equals(Object obj);  
}
```

equals(Object) is already an implicit member

Interface with exactly one abstract method

@FunctionalInterface

```
public interface Bar1 extends Foo1 {  
    int compare(String o1, String o2);  
}
```

Is this a Functional Interface?

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface Comparator<T> {  
    public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);  
    int compare(T o1, T o2);  
}
```

Yes, it is!

@FunctionalInterface

```
public interface Comparator<T> {  
    public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);  
    int compare(T o1, T o2);  
}
```

equals(Object) is already an implicit member

Interface with exactly one abstract method

And what about this?

```
@FunctionalInterface  
public interface CloneableFoo {  
    int m();  
    Object clone();  
}
```

No, it is not!

~~@FunctionalInterface~~

```
public interface CloneableFoo {  
    int m();  
    Object clone();  
}
```

clone() is not
public in Object

Is this a Functional Interface?

@FunctionalInterface

```
public interface MouseListener  
    extends EventListener {  
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e);  
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e);  
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e);  
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e);  
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e);  
}
```

No, it is not!

MouseListener has five abstract methods

~~@FunctionalInterface~~

```
public interface MouseListener
    extends EventListener {
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e);
    public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e);
    public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e);
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e);
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e);
}
```

Using Lambdas to Write Mixins in Java 8

Mixins Using Java 8 Lambdas

Mixins using Java 8 Lambdas

- **State of the Lambda has this misleading example**

```
public interface ActionListener {  
    void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e);  
}  
  
button.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {  
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {  
        ui.dazzle(e.getModifiers());  
    }  
});
```

- **With Java 8 Lambdas, this becomes**

```
button.addActionListener(e -> ui.dazzle(e.getModifiers()));
```

- **But most AWT Listeners *not* functional interfaces**

Pre-Lambda Event Listeners

```
salaryIncreaser.addFocusListener(new FocusAdapter() {  
    public void focusGained(FocusEvent e) {  
        System.out.println("Almost there!");  
    }  
});  
salaryIncreaser.addKeyListener(new KeyAdapter() {  
    public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {  
        e.consume();  
        System.out.println("Not quite!");  
    }  
});  
salaryIncreaser.addMouseListener(new MouseAdapter() {  
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {  
        shuffleSalaryButton();  
    }  
});
```

This is What We Want

```
salaryIncreaser.addFocusGainedListener(  
    e -> System.out.println("Almost there!")  
);  
  
salaryIncreaser.addKeyPressedListener(  
    e -> {  
        e.consume();  
        System.out.println("Not quite!");  
    }  
);  
  
salaryIncreaser.addMouseEnteredListener(  
    e -> shuffleSalaryButton()  
);
```


This is What We Want

```
salaryIncreaser.addFocusGainedListener(  
    e -> System.out.println("Almost there!")  
);  
  
salaryIncreaser.addKeyPressedListener(  
    e -> {  
        e.consume();  
        System.out.println("Not quite!");  
    }  
);  
  
salaryIncreaser.addMouseEnteredListener(  
    e -> shuffleSalaryButton()  
);
```

How do we get there?

Focus/Mouse/KeyListener are *not* Functional Interfaces

- They have several abstract methods

```
public interface FocusListener {  
    /**  
     * Invoked when a component gains the keyboard focus.  
     */  
    void focusGained(FocusEvent e);  
  
    /**  
     * Invoked when a component loses the keyboard focus.  
     */  
    void focusLost(FocusEvent e);  
}
```

FocusAdapter

- In previous example, we MouseAdapter, FocusAdapter and KeyAdapter

```
public abstract class FocusAdapter
    implements FocusListener {
    public void focusGained(FocusEvent e) {}
    public void focusLost(FocusEvent e) {}
}
```

Fundamental Functional Interfaces

- **Java 8 contains some standard functional interfaces**
 - **Supplier<R>** = provide an instance of a T (such as a factory)
 - **Consumer<T>** = an action to be performed on an object
 - **Predicate<T>** = a boolean-valued property of an object
 - **Function<T, R>** = a function transforming a T to a R
 - **UnaryOperator<T>** = a function from T to T
 - **BinaryOperator<T>** = a function from (T, T) to T

FocusEventProducerMixin

```
public interface FocusEventProducerMixin {  
    public abstract void addFocusListener(FocusListener l);  
  
    default void addFocusGainedListener(Consumer<FocusEvent> c) {  
        addFocusListener(new FocusAdapter() {  
            public void focusGained(FocusEvent e) { c.accept(e); }  
        });  
    }  
  
    default void addFocusLostListener(Consumer<FocusEvent> c) {  
        addFocusListener(new FocusAdapter() {  
            public void focusLost(FocusEvent e) { c.accept(e); }  
        });  
    }  
}
```

What Just Happened?

- **We defined an interface with default methods**
 - Both `addFocusGainedListener()` and `addFocusLostListener()` call the abstract method `addFocusListener()` in the interface
 - It is a Functional Interface, but that does not matter in this case
- **Let's see how we can “mixin” this interface into an existing class JButton**

JButtonLambda

```
public class JButtonLambda extends JButton
    implements FocusEventProducerMixin {
    public JButtonLambda() { }

    public JButtonLambda(Icon icon) { super(icon); }

    public JButtonLambda(String text) { super(text); }

    public JButtonLambda(Action a) { super(a); }

    public JButtonLambda(String text, Icon icon) {
        super(text, icon);
    }
}
```

JButtonLambda Mixin Magic

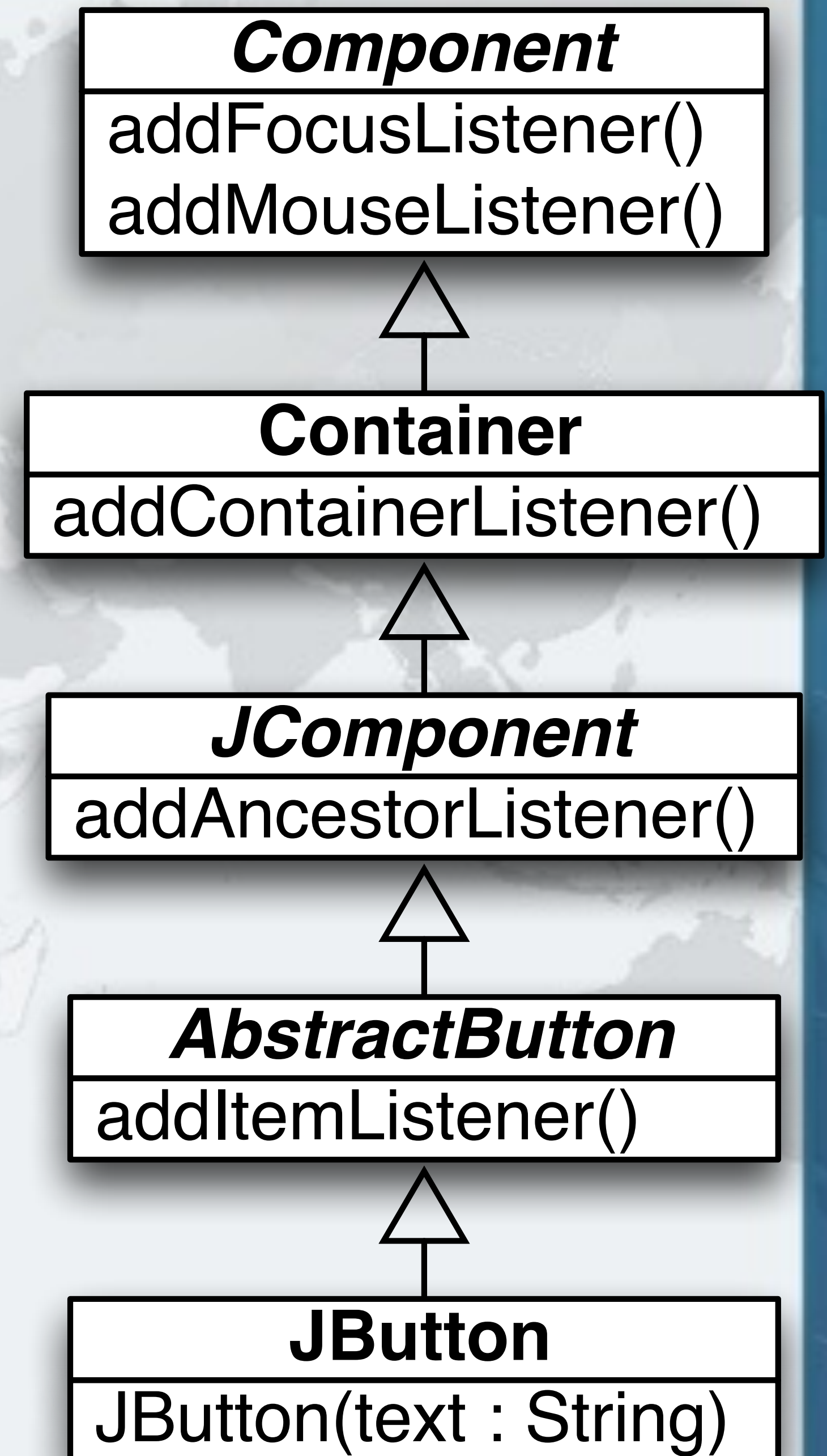
- **JButton contains method addFocusListener**
- **We subclass it and implement Mixin interface**
 - **We could even leave out the constructors and just have**

```
public class JButtonLambda extends JButton  
    implements FocusEventProducerMixin { }
```
- **With our new JButtonLambda, we can now call**

```
salaryIncreaser.addFocusGainedListener(  
    e -> System.out.println("Almost there!")  
);
```


Combining Different Mixins

- Each class in the hierarchy adds new `addXXXListener()` methods
 - Here are just some of them
- We can define a `JComponent` mixin that contains all the `addXXXListener` and other mixins in the classes above



JComponent Mixin

```
public interface JComponentEventProducerMixin extends
    AncestorEventProducerMixin,
    ComponentEventProducerMixin,
    ContainerEventProducerMixin,
    FocusEventProducerMixin,
    HierarchyEventProducerMixin,
    InputMethodEventProducerMixin,
    KeyEventProducerMixin,
    MouseEventProducerMixin,
    MouseMotionEventProducerMixin {
void addHierarchyListener(HierarchyListener l);
void addMouseListener(MouseWheelListener l);
void addPropertyChangeListener(PropertyChangeListener l);
void addVetoableChangeListener(VetoableChangeListener l);
}
```

AbstractButton Mixin

```
public interface AbstractButtonEventProducerMixin {  
    void addActionListener(ActionListener l);  
    void addItemListener(ItemListener l);  
    void addChangeListener(ChangeListener l);  
}
```

JButton using JComponent Mixins

```
public class JButtonLambda extends JButton
    implements JComponentEventProducerMixin,
                AbstractButtonEventProducerMixin {
    public JButtonLambda() {
    }
    // and other constructors
}
```

Mixins in GitHub

- **Code with more details available here**
 - **<https://github.com/kabutz/javaspecialists-awt-event-mixins>**
 - **(<http://tinyurl.com/jmixins>)**



Using Lambdas to Write Mixins in Java 8

Facade Pattern For Listeners

Facade Pattern for Listeners

- **Another approach is facades for each listener**

```
public interface FocusListeners {
    static FocusListener forFocusGainedListener(
        Consumer<FocusEvent> c) {
        return new FocusAdapter() {
            public void focusGained(FocusEvent e) {c.accept(e);}
        };
    }
    static FocusListener forFocusLostListener(
        Consumer<FocusEvent> c) {
        return new FocusAdapter() {
            public void focusLost(FocusEvent e) { c.accept(e); }
        };
    }
}
```

Facade Pattern for Listeners

```
salaryIncreaser.addFocusListener(  
    FocusListeners.forFocusGainedListener(  
        e -> System.out.println("Almost there!"))));
```

```
salaryIncreaser.addKeyListener(  
    KeyListeners.forKeyPressedListener(  
        e -> {  
            e.consume();  
            System.out.println("Not quite!");  
        }));
```

```
salaryIncreaser.addMouseListener(  
    MouseListeners.forMouseEntered(  
        e -> shuffleSalaryButton()));
```


Conclusion

Lambdas, Static and Default Methods

- **Java 8 released in March 2014**
- **Practical application of language will produce idioms**
- **Mixin idea can be applied in other contexts too**
 - e.g. Adding functionality to Enums
- **Most companies won't be using Java 8 for at least 2 years**

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